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W-2022

PANKH-06

BP-7002-T

Industrial Pharmacy-II

(747704)

Total Pages : 3]

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

Instruction to candidates:

- 1 Do not write anything on question paper except Seat number.
- 2 Graph or diagram should be drawn with black ink pen being used for writing paper or black HB pencil.
- 3 Students should note, no supplement will be provided.
- 4 Draw well labelled diagram, wherever necessary.
- 5 Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. (A) Choose the correct answer of the following:

(10)

- a) Which of the following is NOT a stage in product life cycle?
 - i) Scale up
 - ii) Commercialization
 - iii) Technology transfer
 - iv) Product marketing
- b) --- is a process of increasing batch size or applying the same process to different output volumes.
 - i) Preformulation
 - ii) Diffusion
 - iii) Product scale up
 - iv) Bioequivalence
- c) A transfer of technology between sites of two different companies is called -- --
 - i) Inter-company transfer
 - ii) Intra-company transfer
 - iii) Technology transfer protocol
 - iv) None of these
- d) Quality risk management activities are entitled to be undertaken by -- --
 - i) Business development expert
 - ii) Legal expert
 - iii) Marketing and sales expert
 - iv) All of the above

- e) An agreement to enter collaborative relationship with outside parties is called ---
 i) License
 ii) Memoranda of understanding
 iii) Confidentiality agreement
 iv) Legal tax agreement
- f) A profession developed from the desire of governments to protect public health by controlling the safety and efficacy of products in different areas is ---
 i) Pharmacovigilance
 ii) Regulatory affairs
 iii) Technology transfer
 iv) Risk management
- g) An ----- filing is a formal process by which a sponsor requests the approval for testing of a drug in human subjects.
 i) IND
 ii) NDA
 iii) ANDA
 iv) CTD
- h) a legal document that declares a certain manufacturing company is legally allowed to sell their pharmaceutical product in the country they are producing.
 i) Investigator's brochure (IB)
 ii) Clinical trial protocol
 iii) Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP)
 iv) Master formula record (MFR)
- i) QbD is a part of ---
 i) DoE
 ii) QRM
 iii) TQM
 iv) FDA
- j) number of human volunteers are involved in Phase III clinical studies.
 i) 1-10
 ii) 10-100
 iii) 100-300
 iv) 300-3000

(B) Answer the following:

(10)

- Mention different roles of regulatory affairs team.
- Enlist types of platform technologies.
- Illustrate different stages of technology transfer diagrammatically.
- What is TQM? Mention benefits of TQM.
- Write a brief note on NABL.

2. Solve any Two:

- a) Write a note on pilot plant scale up considerations for solids.
- b) Explain in detail the drafting of clinical trial protocol.
- c) Explain: SUPAC guidelines.

(20)

3. Solve any Seven:

- a) Write a brief note on QbD.
- b) Explain in detail ISO.
- c) Explain in detail the documents related to Technology transfer.
- d) Explain in detail the COPP.
- e) Write a brief note on ANDA.
- f) Explain in detail the Quality risk management process.
- g) Explain different phases of drug development process with neat, labelled diagram.
- h) What is GLP ? Write a brief note on principles and benefits of GLP.
- i) Explain with flowchart, the drug approval process for new drugs in India.

(35)